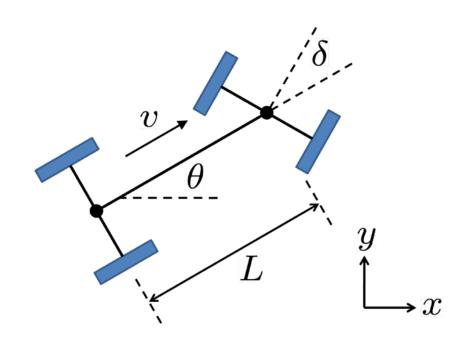
Vehicle Kinematics and Path Following

Mangal Kothari
Department of Aerospace Engineering
Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur
Kanpur - 208016

Kinematic Mode: Ackerman Steering

$$\dot{x} = v\cos\theta,$$
 $\dot{y} = v\sin\theta,$
 $\dot{\theta} = \frac{v}{L}\tan\delta.$

$$\dot{\delta} = \frac{1}{T_{\delta}}(\delta_R - \delta),$$
 $\dot{v} = a,$
 $\dot{a} = \frac{1}{T_a}(a_R - a),$



Explicit steering vehicle model

Skid Steering model

$$\dot{x} = v\cos\theta,$$

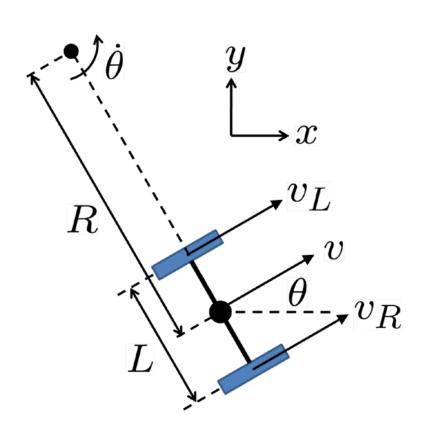
$$\dot{y} = v \sin \theta$$
,

$$\dot{\theta} = \frac{\Delta v}{L}.$$

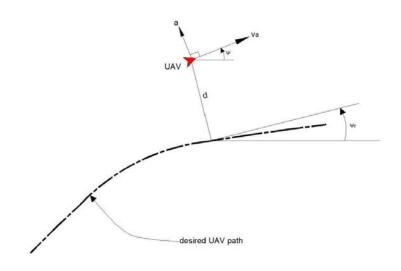
$$\dot{x} = \frac{1}{2} v_R \cos \theta + \frac{1}{2} v_L \cos \theta,$$

$$\dot{y} = \frac{1}{2} v_R \sin \theta + \frac{1}{2} v_L \sin \theta,$$

$$\dot{\theta} = \frac{1}{L}v_R - \frac{1}{L}v_L.$$



Path Following Problem



Calculate lateral acceleration

(i)
$$\lim_{t \to \infty} d = 0$$
,

(ii)
$$\lim_{t \to \infty} \tilde{\psi} = 0$$

(iii)
$$|u| \leq u_{max}$$
.

Trajectory Generation: Path following

Fixed-wing UAV kinematic model

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \dot{y} \\ \dot{\psi} \\ \dot{\phi} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_a \cos \psi \\ v_a \sin \psi \\ \frac{g}{v_a} \tan \phi \\ -k(\phi - \phi^d) \end{bmatrix}$$

Path following law: pursuit and LOS components

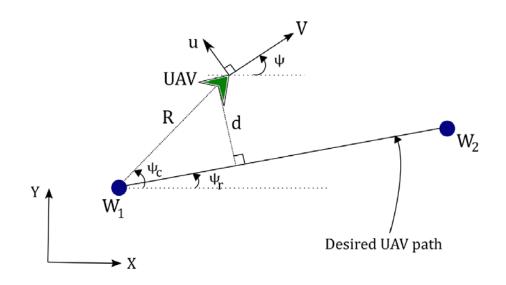
$$\phi^d = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{k_1(\psi_r - \psi) + k_2 d}{g} \right)$$

Error dynamics

$$\dot{\psi} = v_a \sin(\psi_r - \psi)$$

$$\dot{\psi} = -\frac{k_1}{v_a}(\psi_r - \psi) - \frac{k_2}{v_a} d$$

Straight Line following



$$d = R\sin(\psi_c - \psi_r)$$

$$\tilde{\psi} = \psi - \psi_r$$

Circle following

$$d = \sqrt{(x - x_c)^2 + (y - y_c)^2} - R_c$$

$$\tilde{\psi} = \psi - \psi_r$$

$$\psi_r = \tan^{-1} \frac{y_c - y}{x_c - x} \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \uparrow$$

